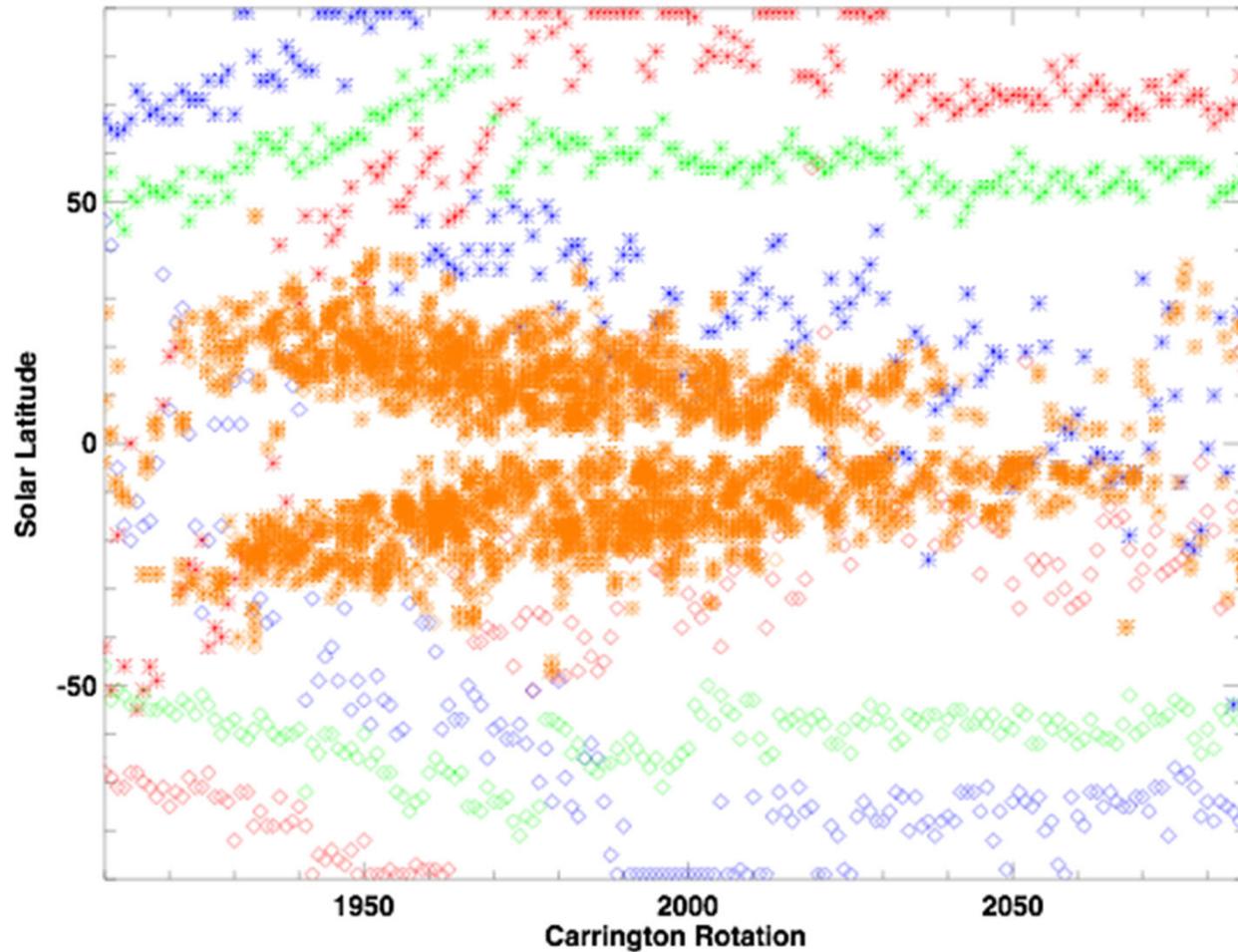


Studies of Global Solar Magnetic Field Patterns Using a Newly Digitized Archive



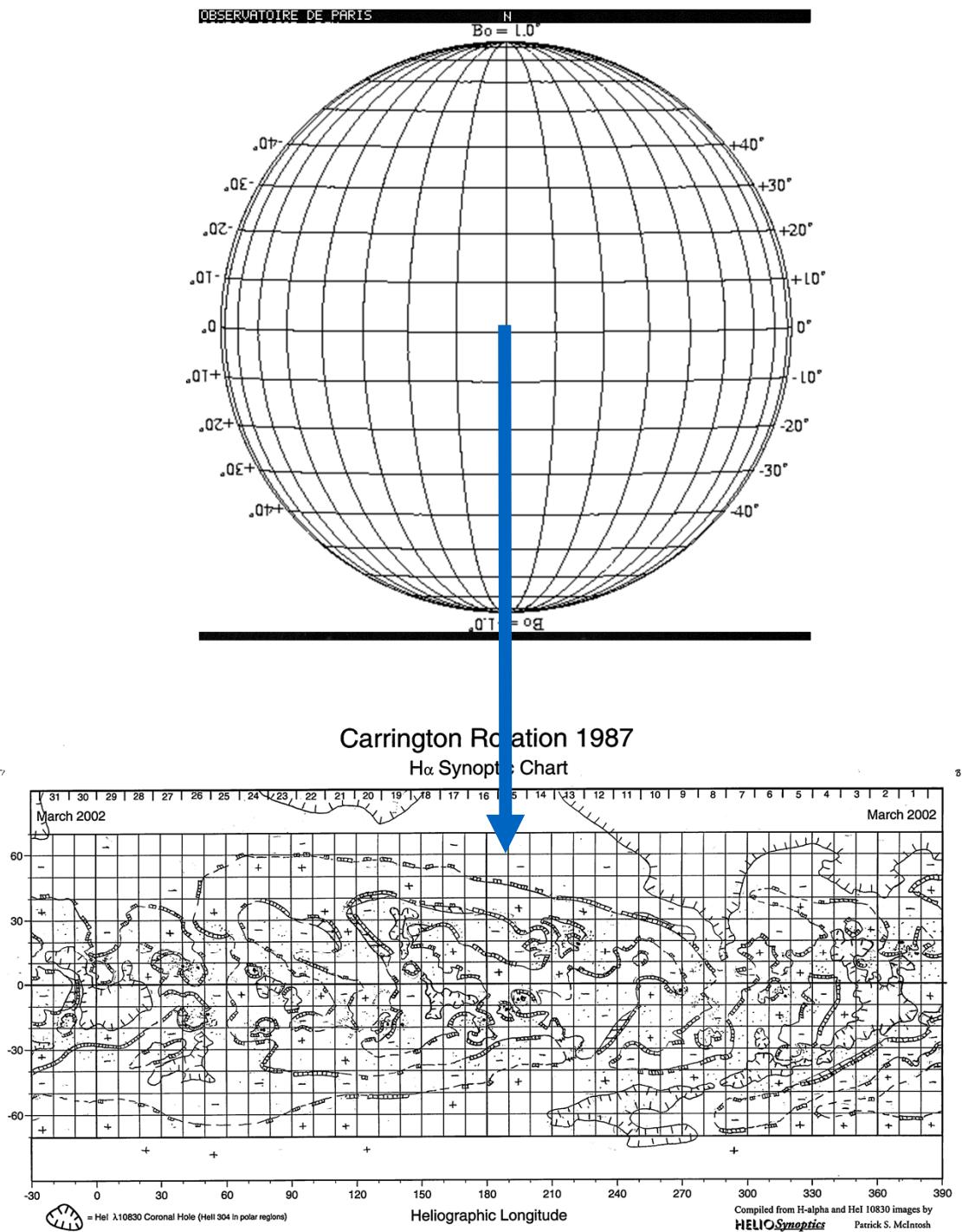
***David F Webb, Ian Hewins, Sarah E Gibson, Robert McFadden,
Barbara A Emery and Anna V Malanushenko***

McIntosh Archive: 44 years of solar observations

Unique and consistent set of solar Carrington maps drawn by Pat McIntosh

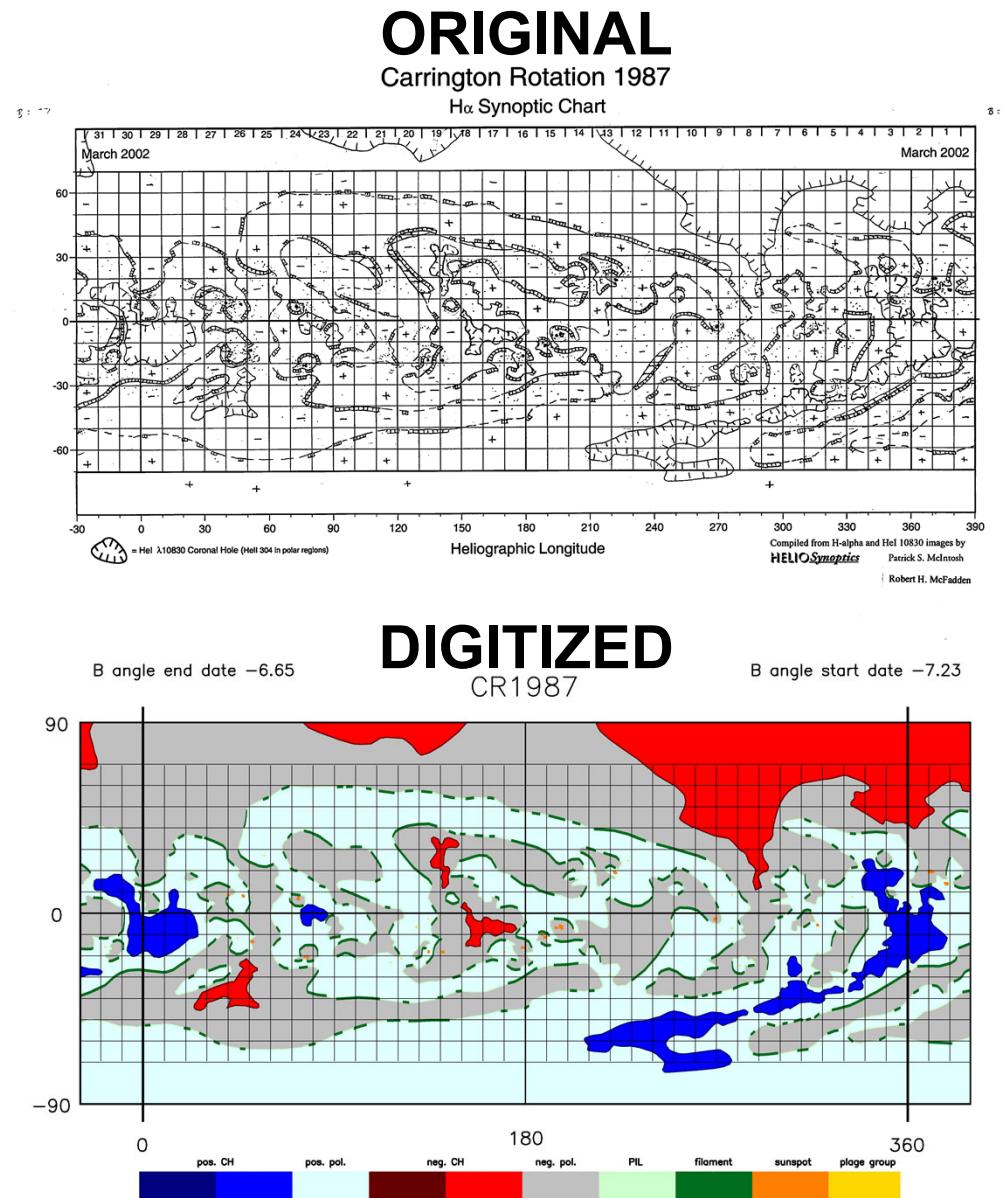
Based on H-alpha, He 10830, and photospheric magnetic observations

Mapping large-scale coronal features over four solar cycles



McIntosh Archive: Searchable Digitized Database

- Scan all original maps (Level 0)
- Convert to uniform size, orientation, scaled to a latitude-longitude grid (Level 1)
- Use Photoshop to assign unique color to each type of solar feature (Levels 2-3)



End product: GIF images and FITS files that are **searchable** by solar feature, longitude, latitude, date, etc.

Sunspots, plage, coronal holes, filaments

McIntosh Archive Synoptic Map

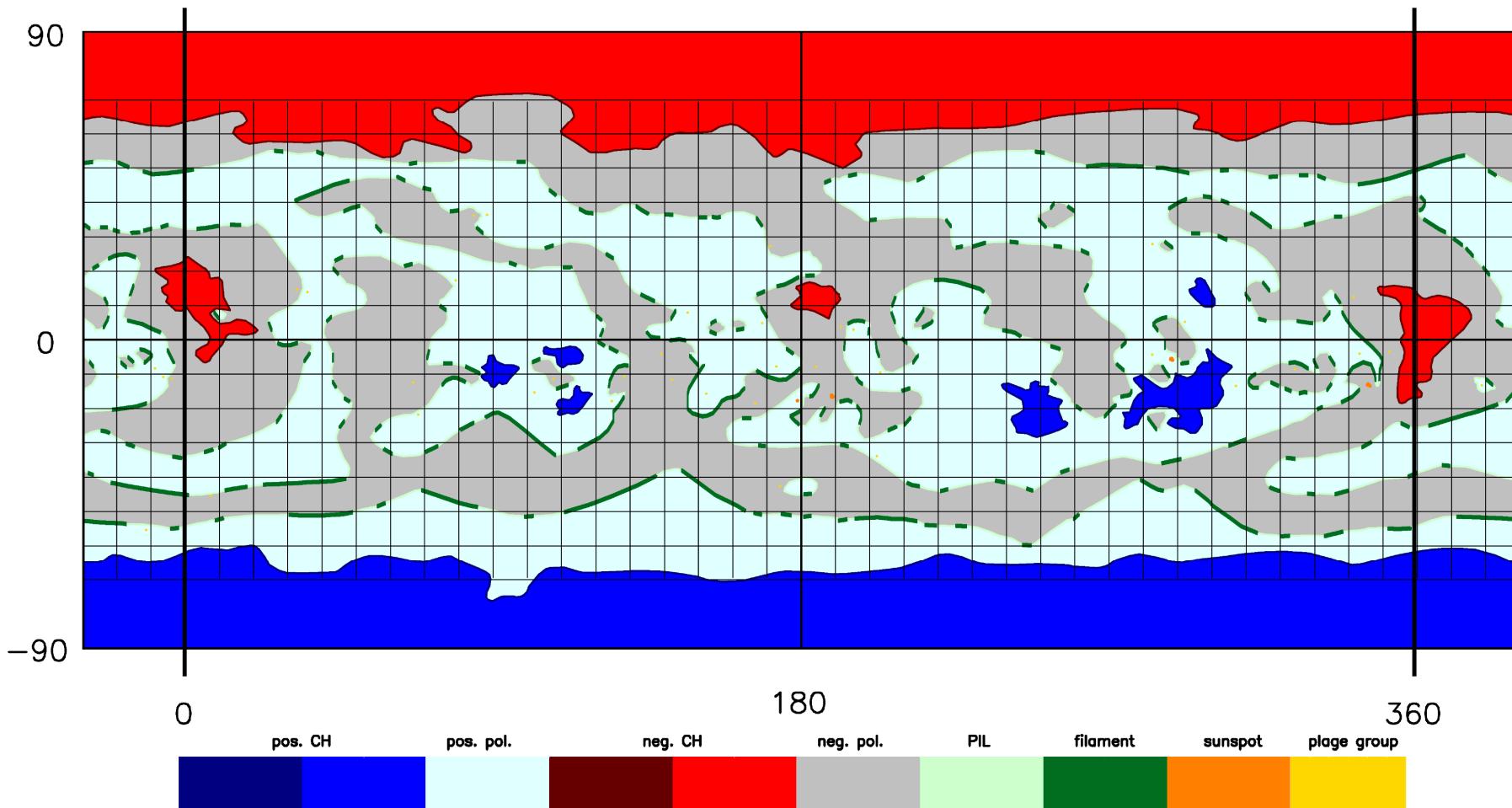
End date (longitude=0): 2006-10-18T13:14:55

Start date (longitude=360): 2006-09-21T06:25:46

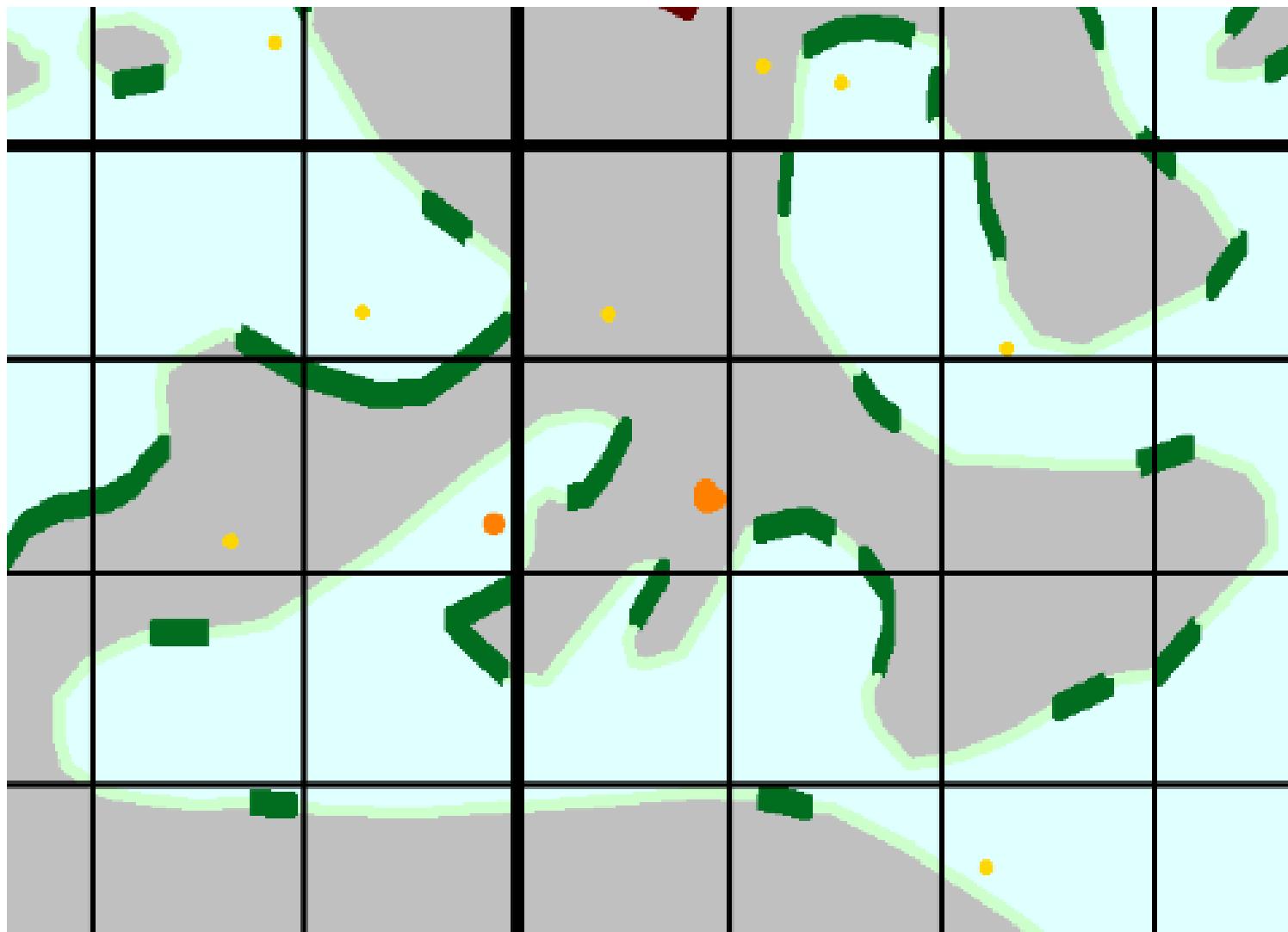
B angle end date 5.620

B angle start date 7.080

CR2048

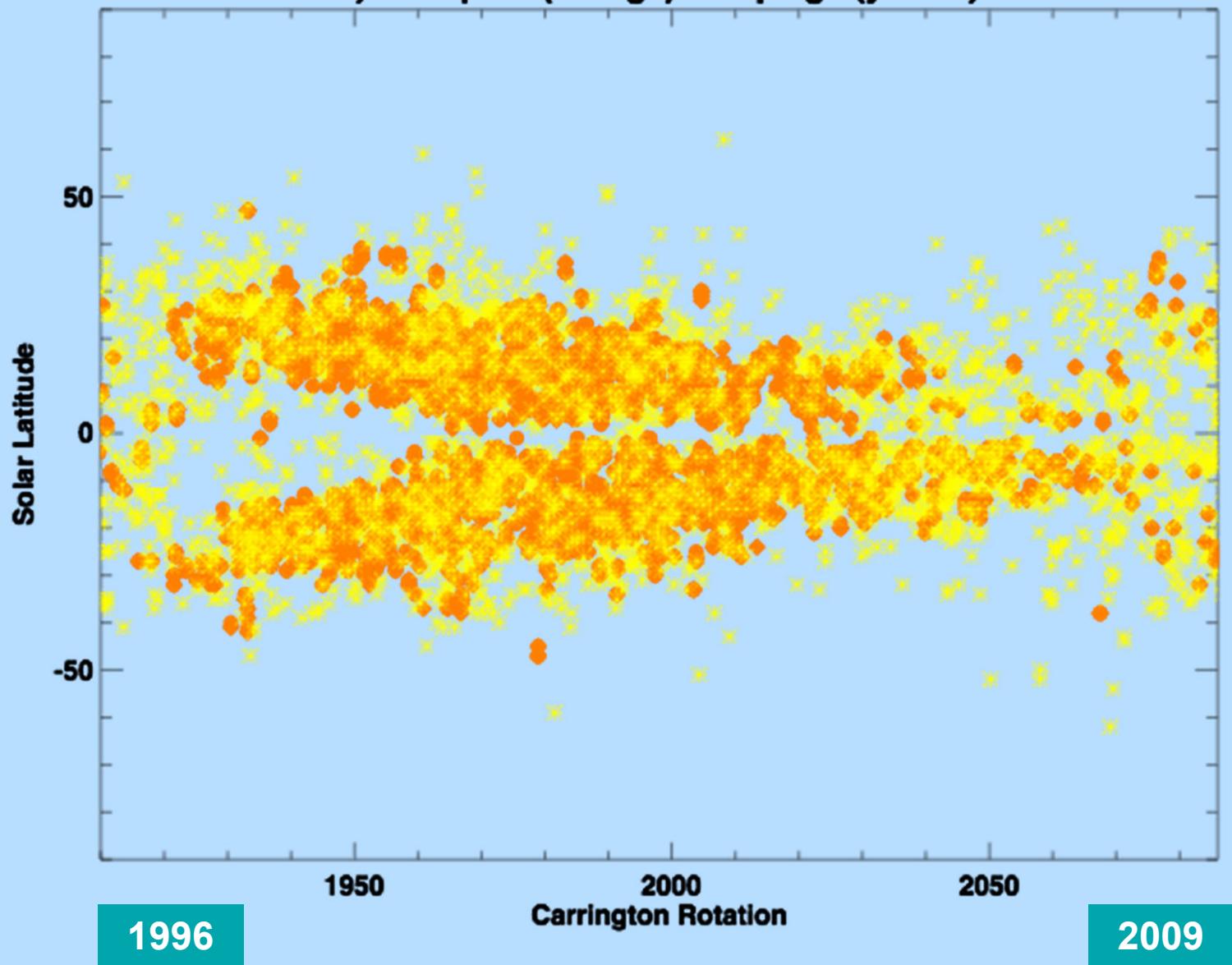


Sunspots, plage, coronal holes, filaments

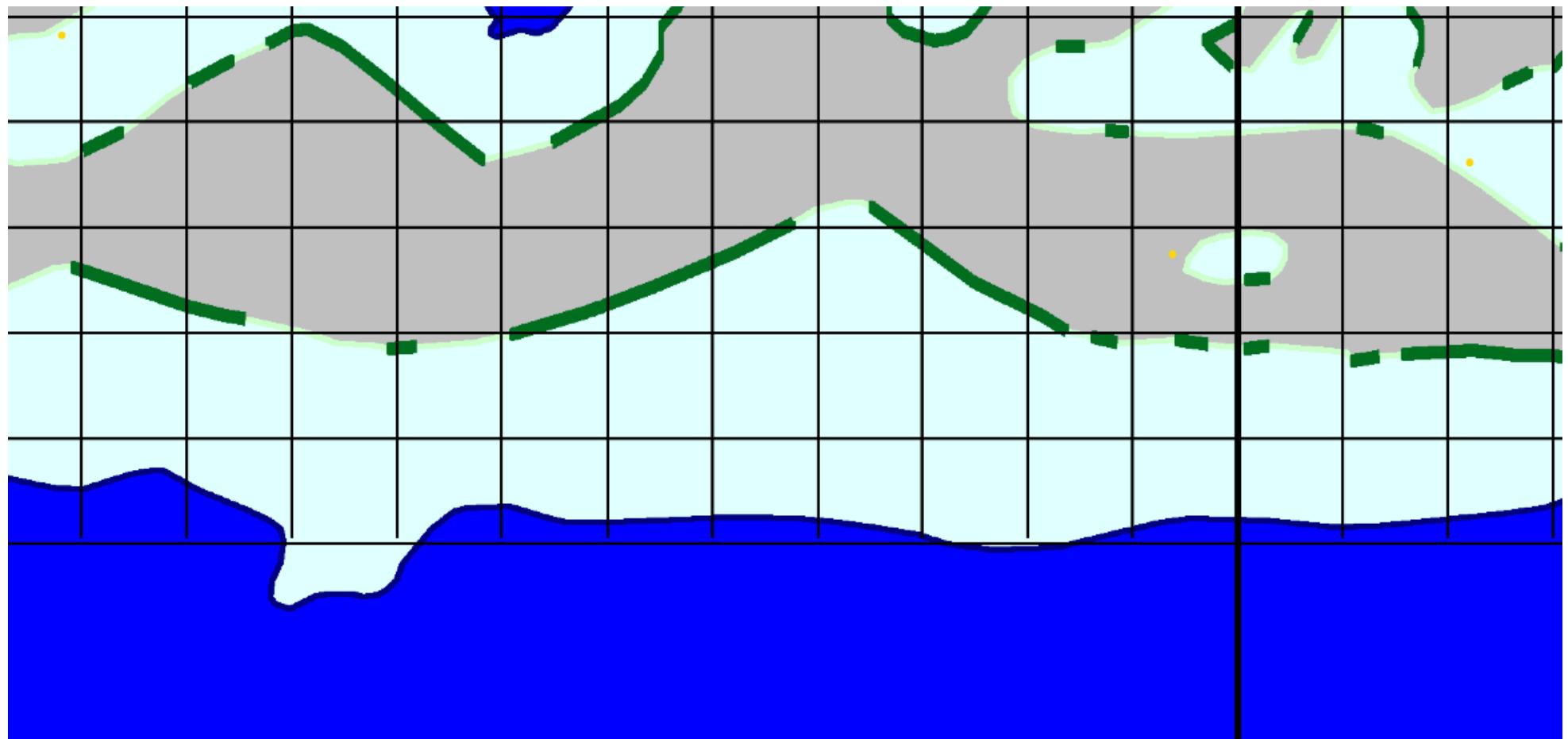


Sunspots, plage

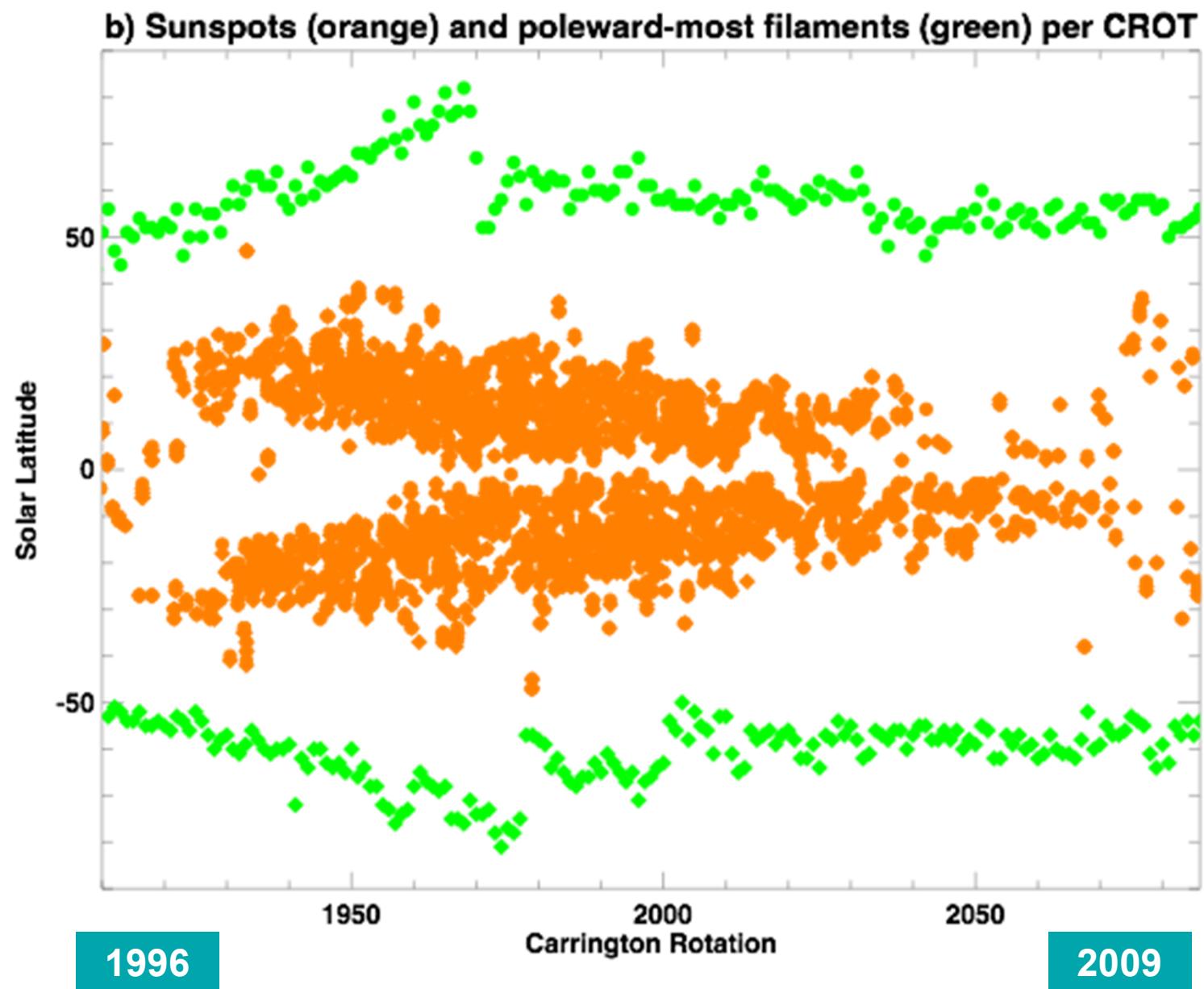
a) Sunspots (orange) and plage (yellow)



Sunspots, plage, coronal holes, filaments



Filaments: rush to the poles



Sunspots, plage, coronal holes, filaments

McIntosh Archive Synoptic Map

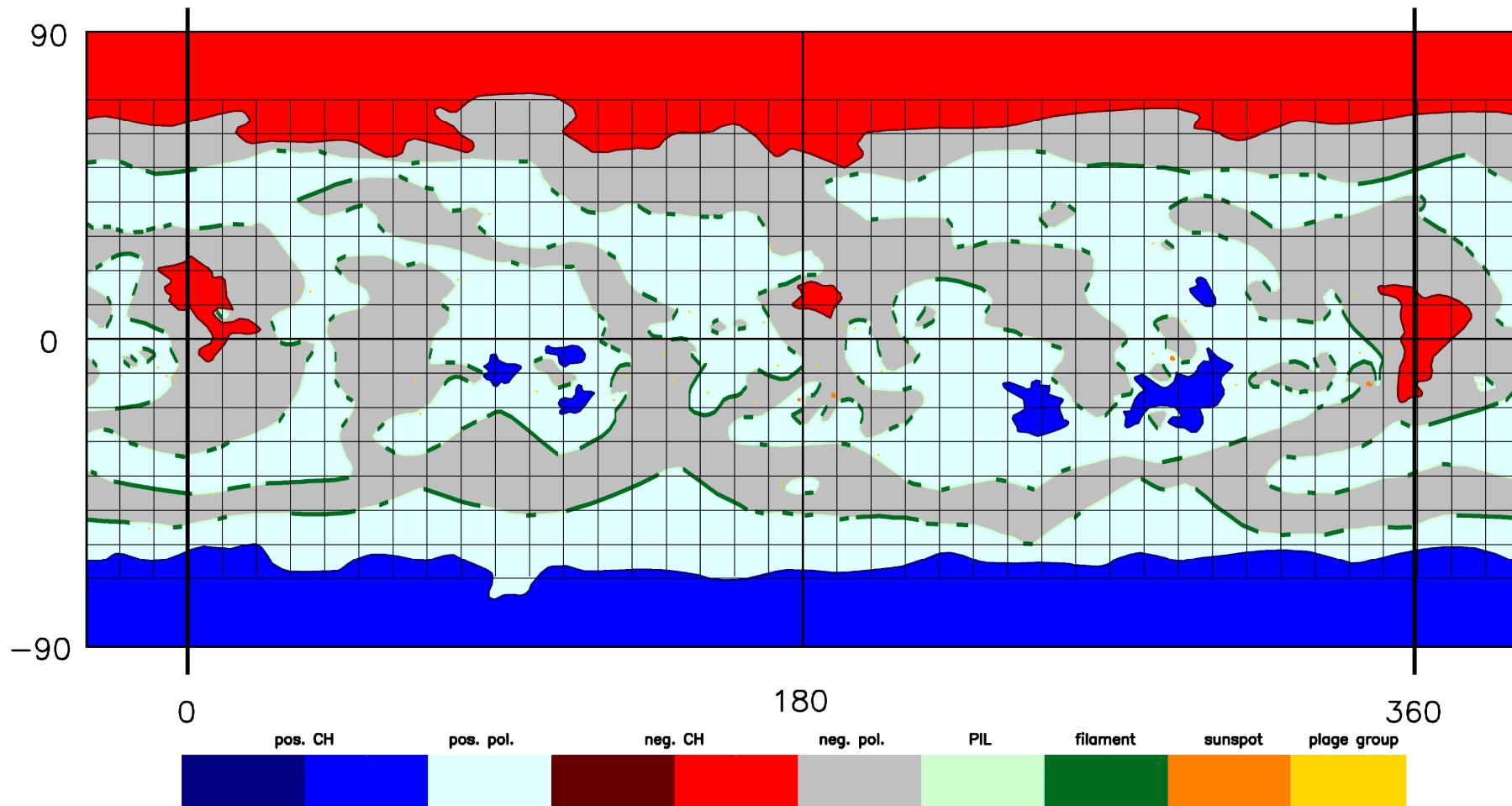
End date (longitude=0): 2006-10-18T13:14:55

Start date (longitude=360): 2006-09-21T06:25:46

B angle end date 5.620

B angle start date 7.080

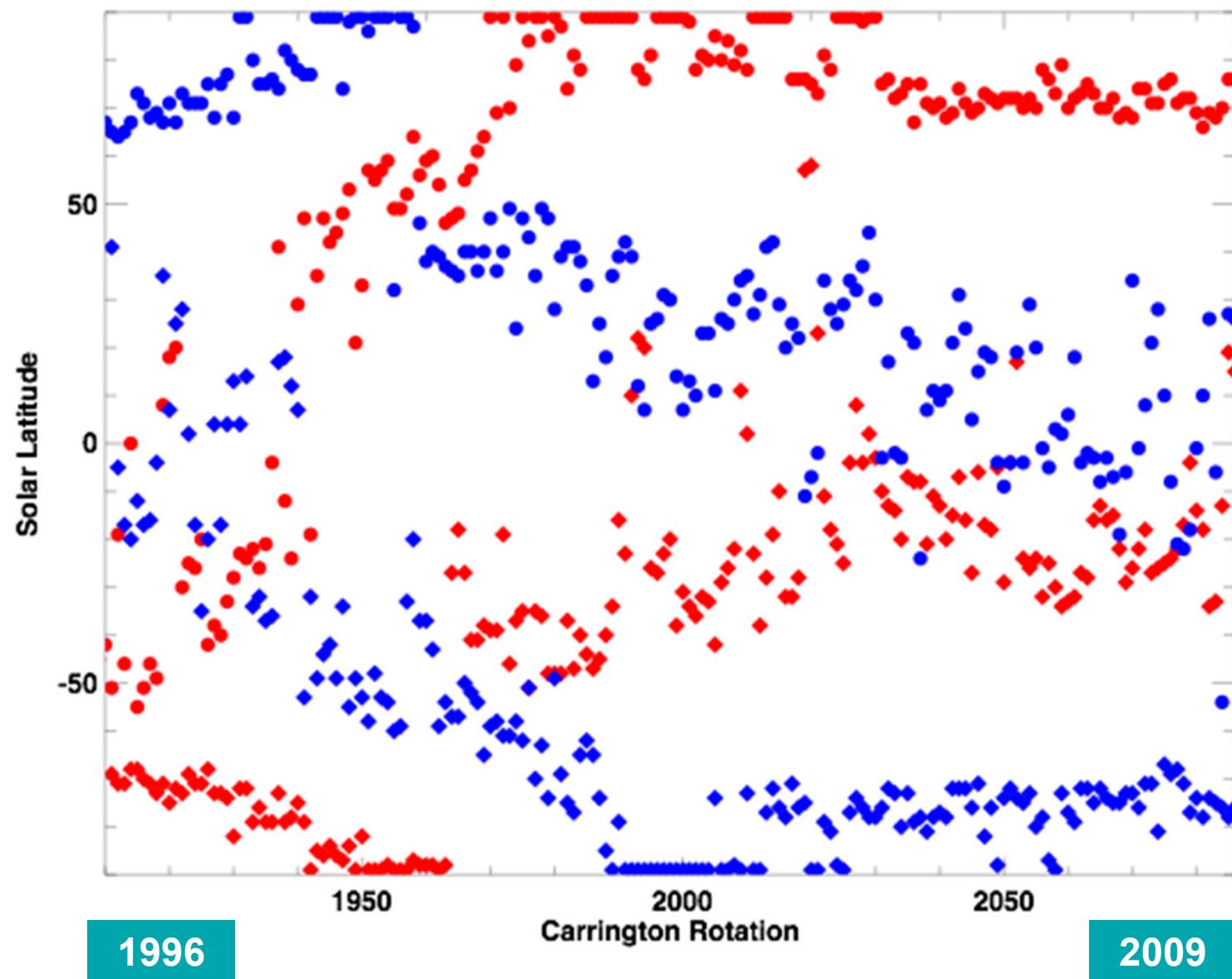
CR2048



Coronal holes (polar and low-lat)

Webb et al., 2017;
Gibson et al., 2016

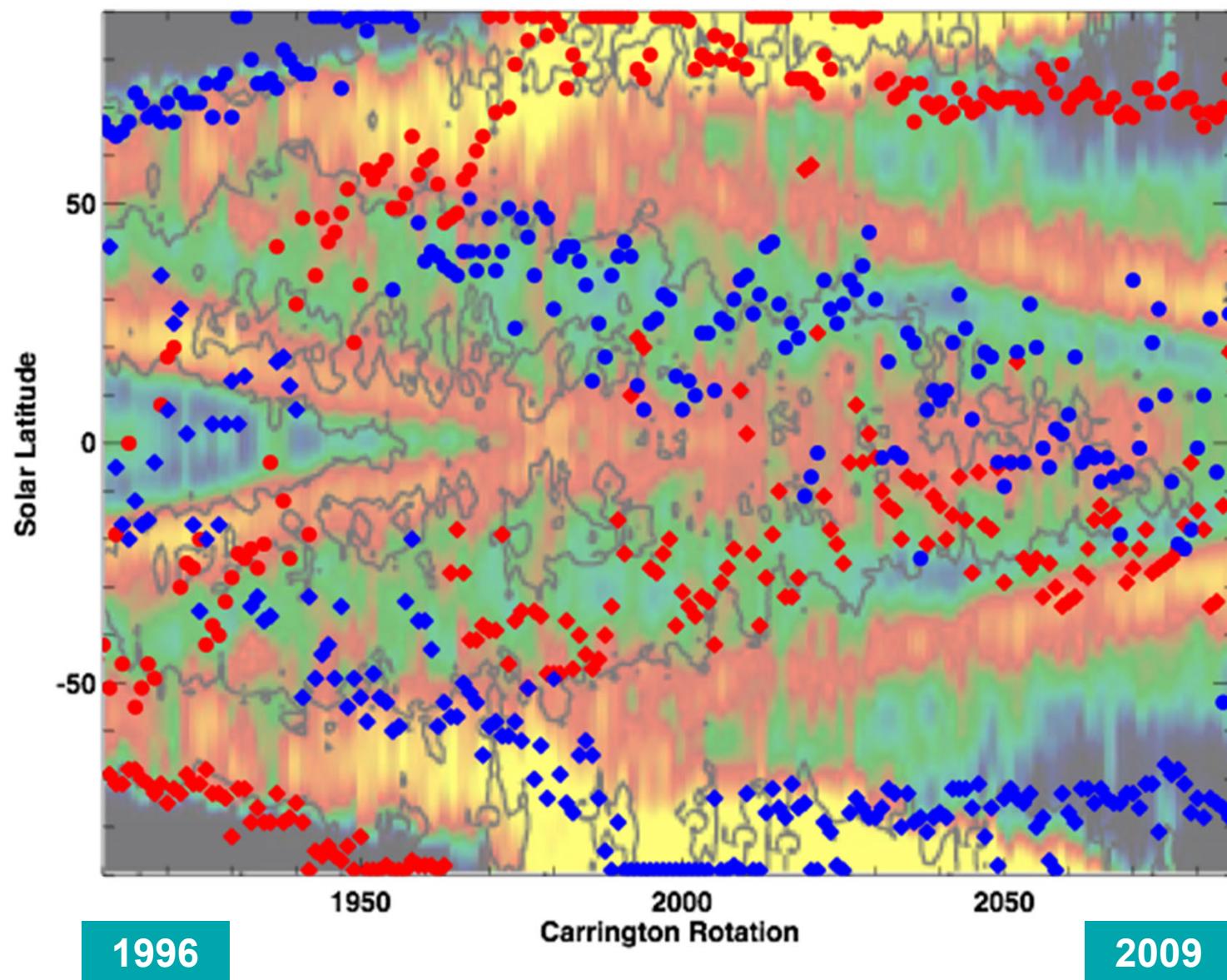
c) pos. CH bound. = blue, neg. CH bound. = red;
northmost per CROT=circle, southmost per CROT=diamond.



Coronal holes (polar and low-lat); Torsional oscillations

Gibson et al., 2016;
Howe, 2016

c) pos. CH bound. = blue, neg. CH bound. = red;
northmost per CROT=circle, southmost per CROT=diamond.

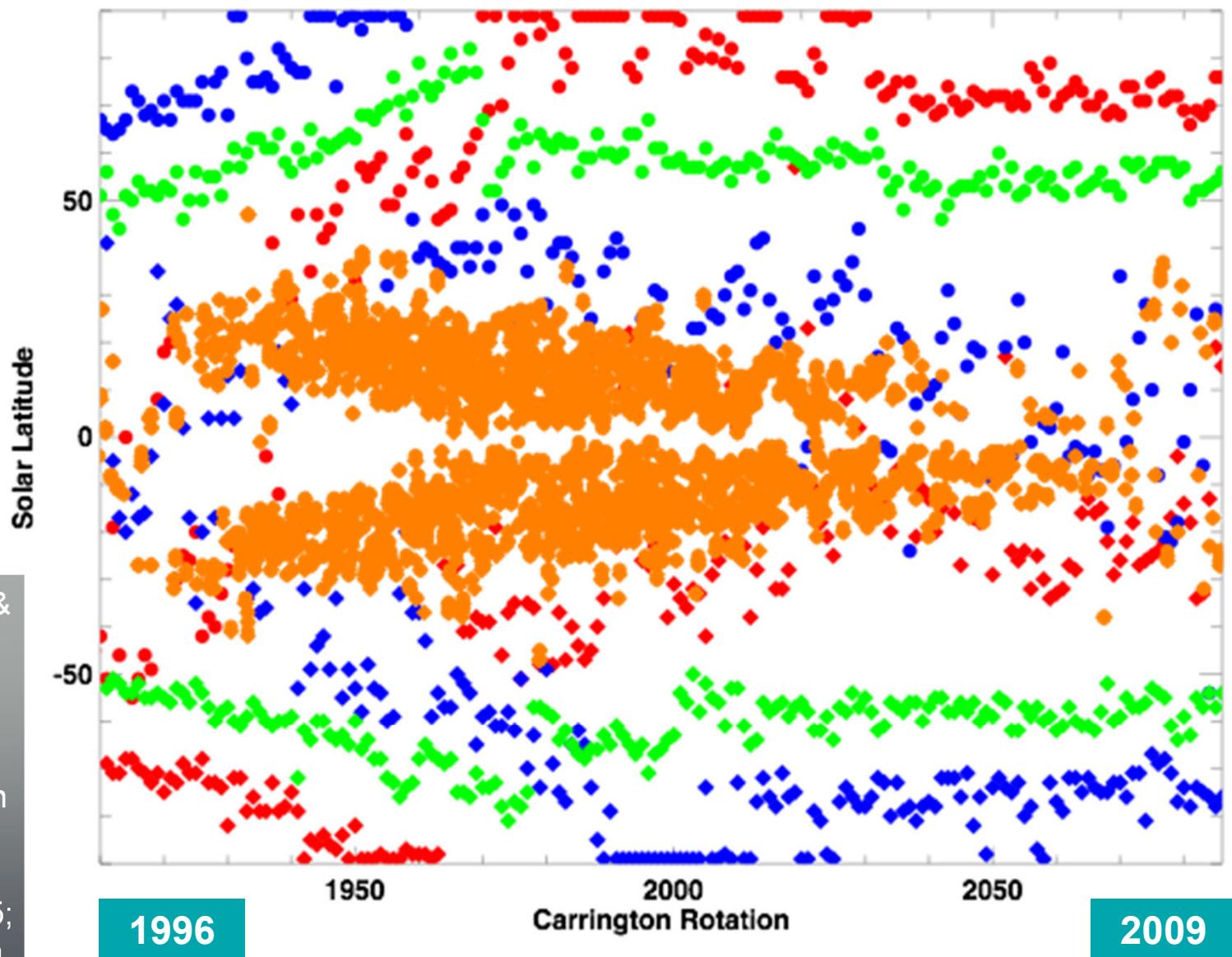


Coronal holes, filaments, sunspots: open vs closed fields

d) pos. CH bound. = blue, neg. CH bound. = red;

northmost per CROT=circle, southmost per CROT=diamond;

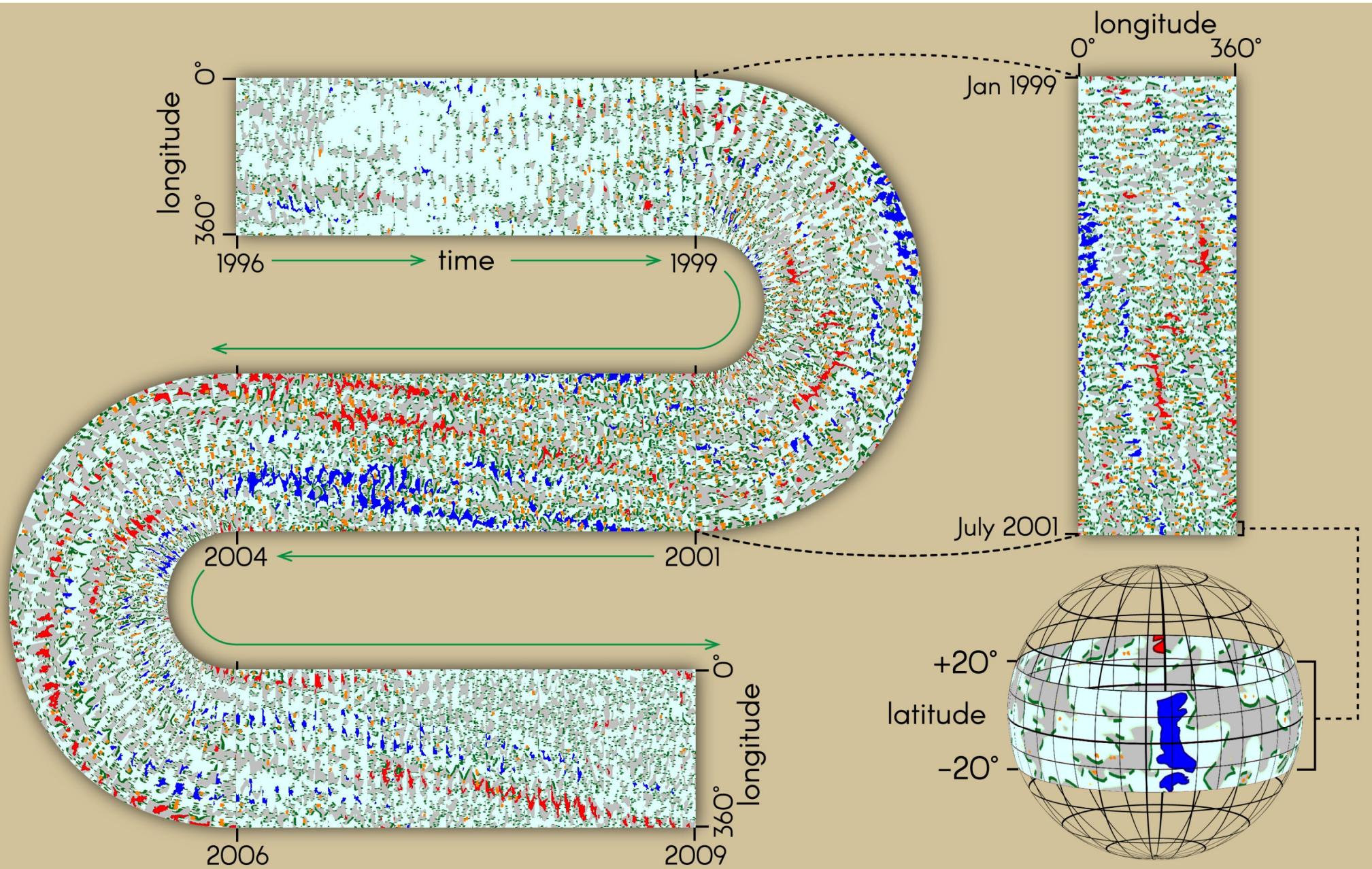
poleward-most filaments per CROT: green; Sunspots: orange



Webb et al., 2017;
Gibson et al., 2016

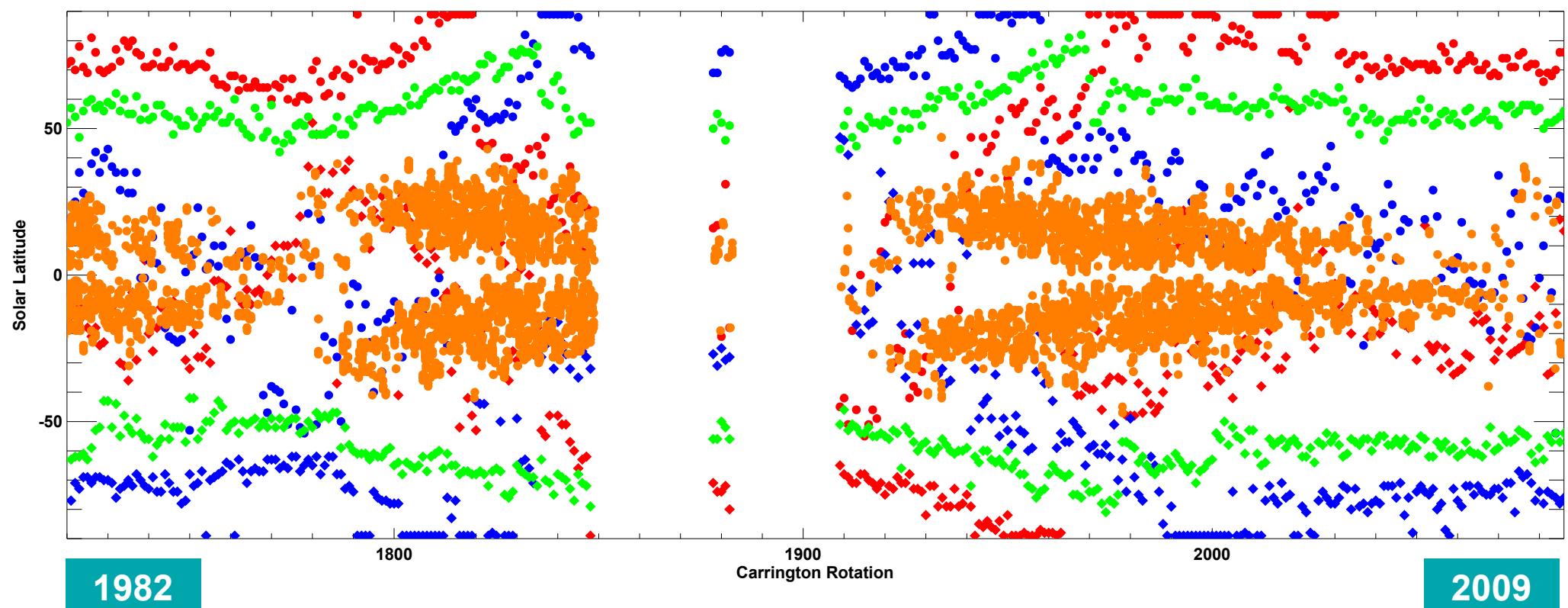
See also Webb, Davis & McIntosh, 1983;
McIntosh & Wilson, 1985; Wilson et al., 1988; Harvey and Recely, 2002; Luhmann et al. 2002; McIntosh, 2003; McIntosh et al 2014; Karna et al., 2015; Bilenko & Tavastsherna, 2016

Stack plots



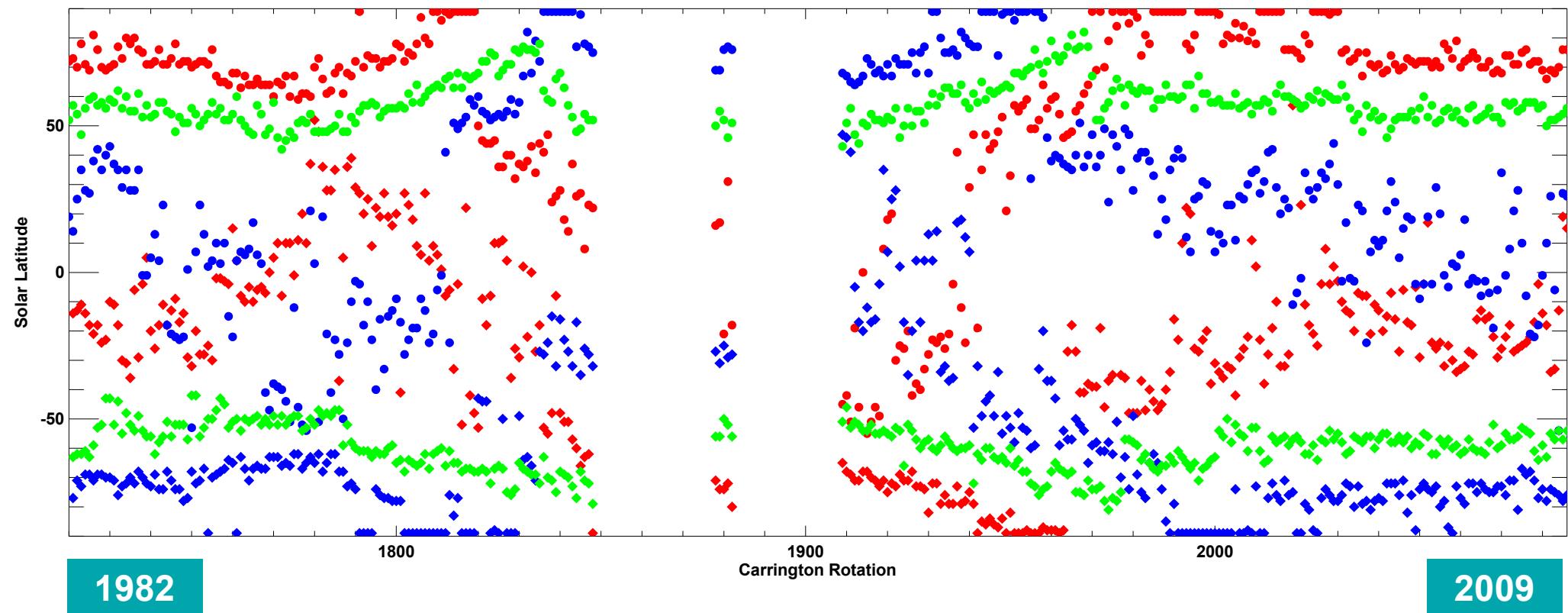
Variation over solar cycles

d) pos. CH bound. = blue, neg. CH bound. = red;
northmost per CROT=circle, southmost per CROT=diamond;
poleward-most filaments per CROT: green; Sunspots: orange



Variation over solar cycles

pos. CH bound. = blue, neg. CH bound. = red;
northmost per CROT=circle, southmost per CROT=diamond;
poleward-most filaments per CROT: green

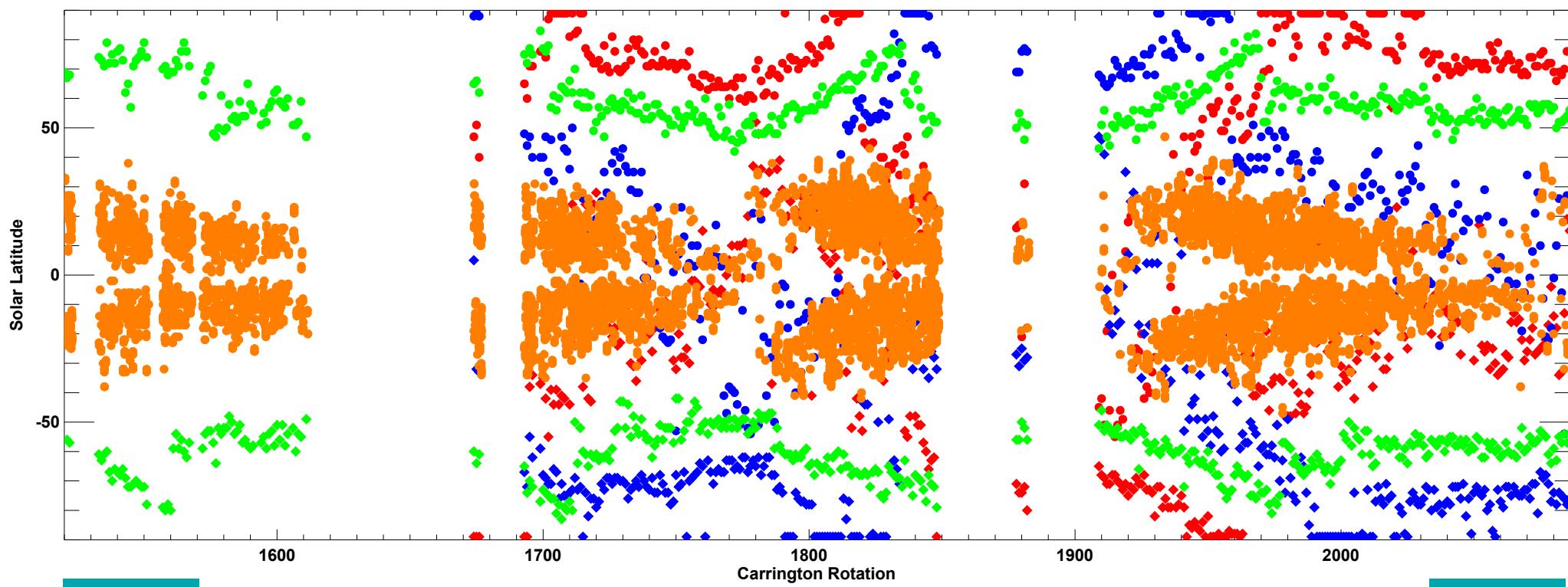


1982

2009

Variation over solar cycles

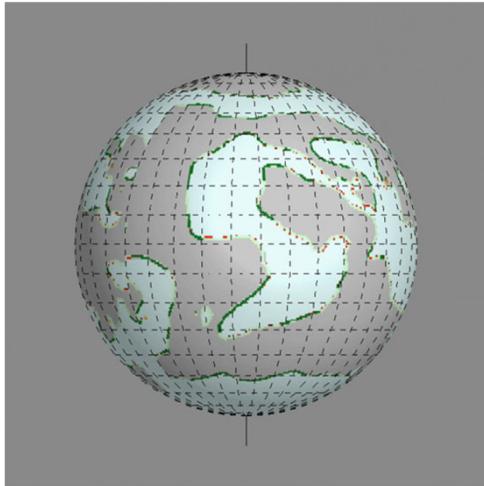
pos. CH bound. = blue, neg. CH bound. = red;
northmost per CROT=circle, southmost per CROT=diamond;
poleward-most filaments per CROT: green; Sunspots: orange



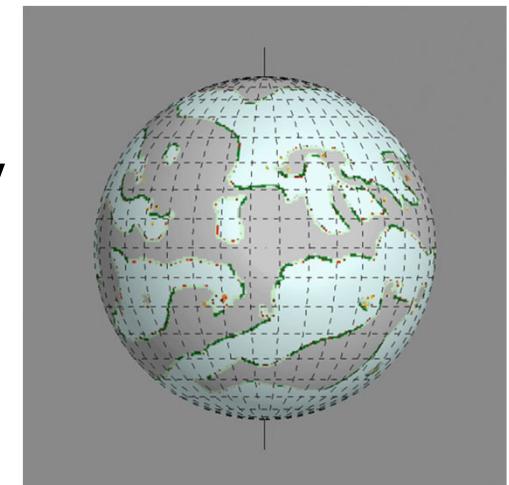
1967

2009

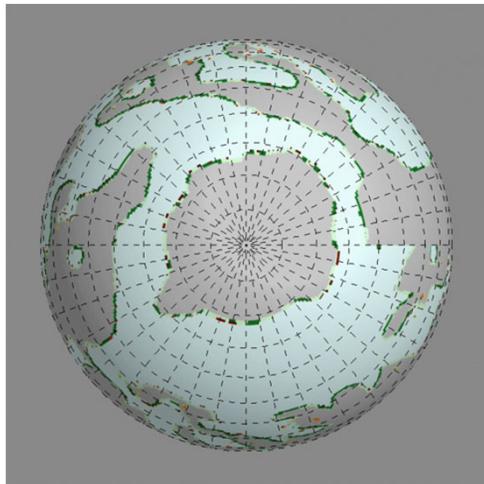
Conclusions



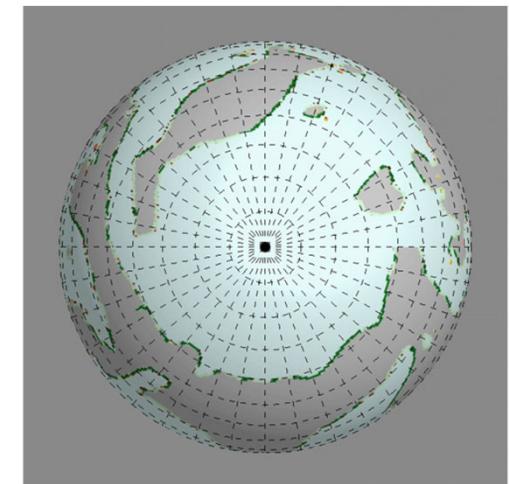
The McIntosh archive is a unique observational community resource enabling studies of global solar magnetic patterns (open & closed)



Potential science applications include analysis of the origins of solar features, correlation studies between solar features and connections to solar wind features, and context for historical event studies.

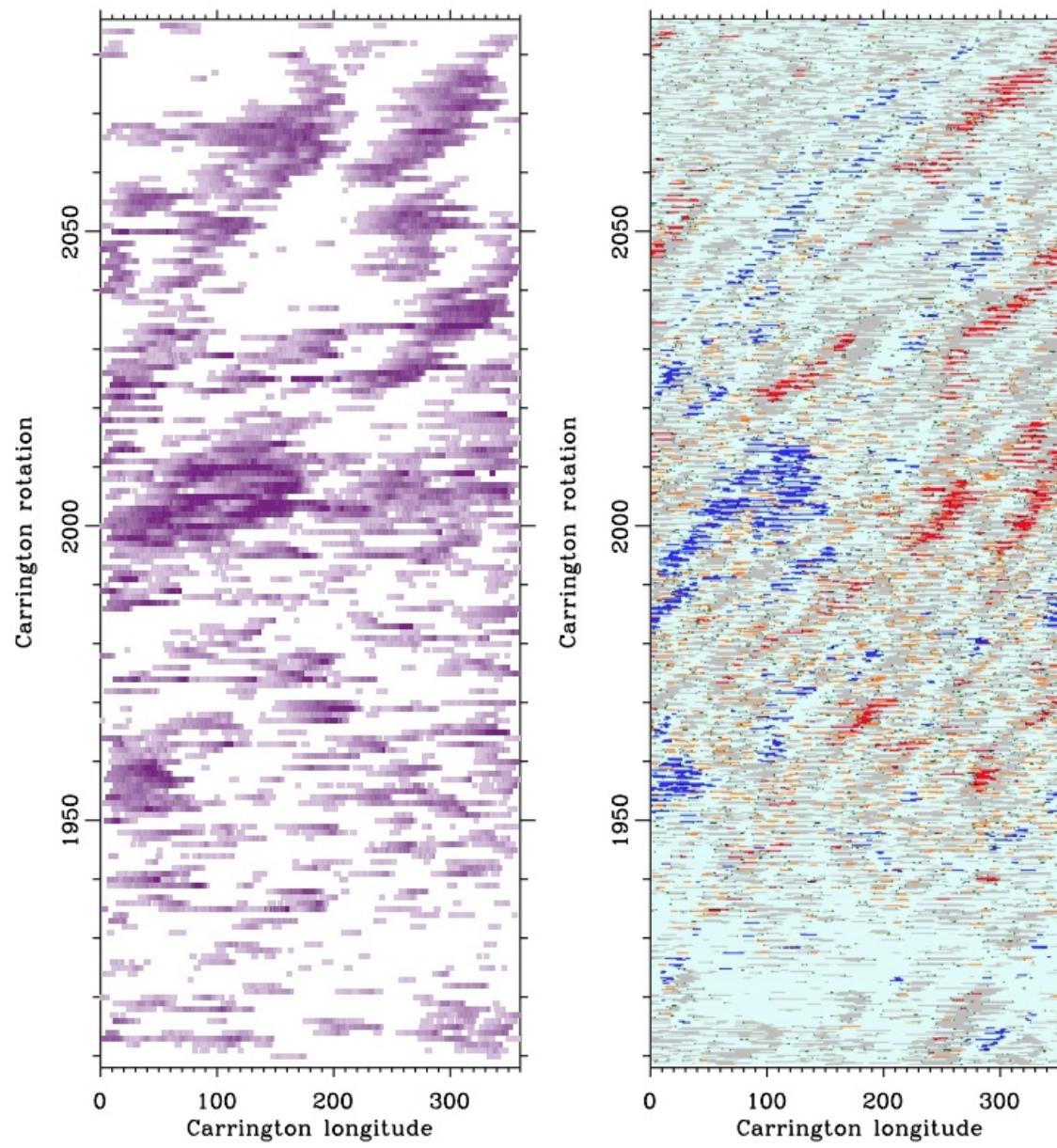


<https://www2.hao.ucar.edu/mcintosh-archive/four-cycles-solar-synoptic-maps>



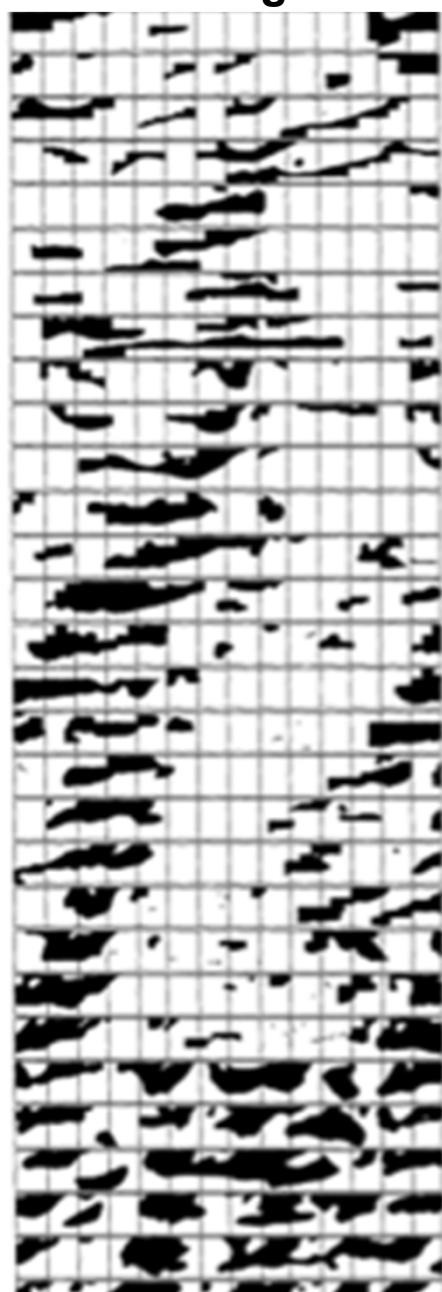
Search “McIntosh archive NOAA HAO”

Stack plots patterns: coronal holes → high-speed solar-wind streams

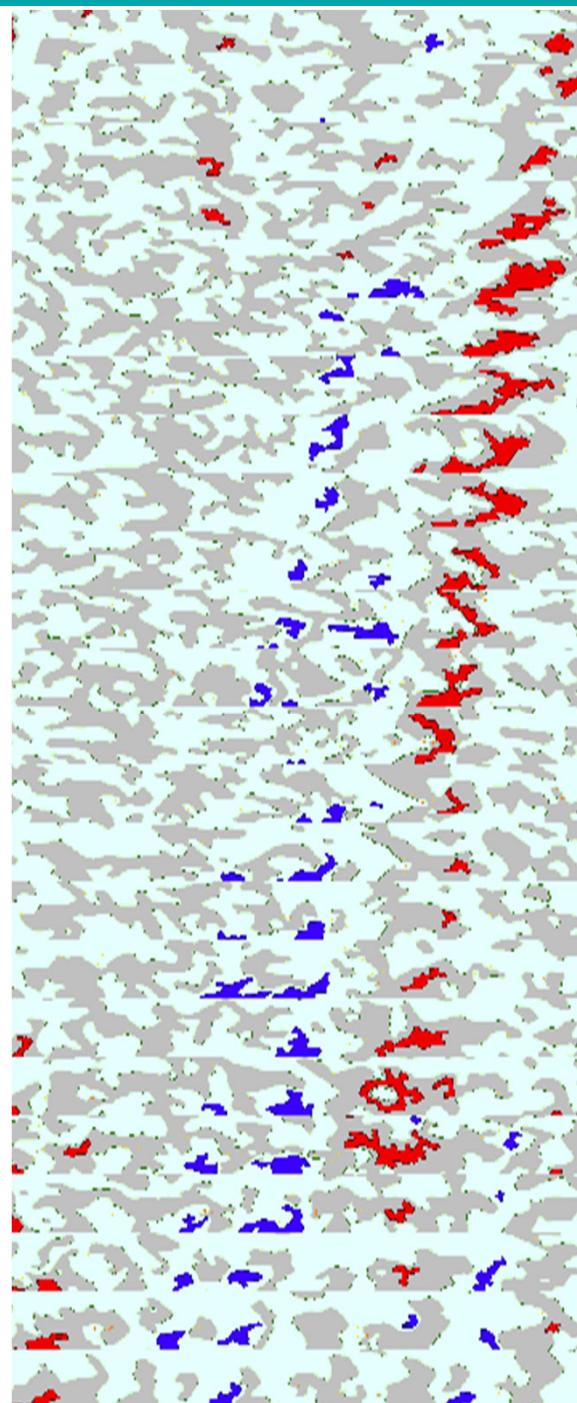


Stack plots: magnetic fields, coronal holes

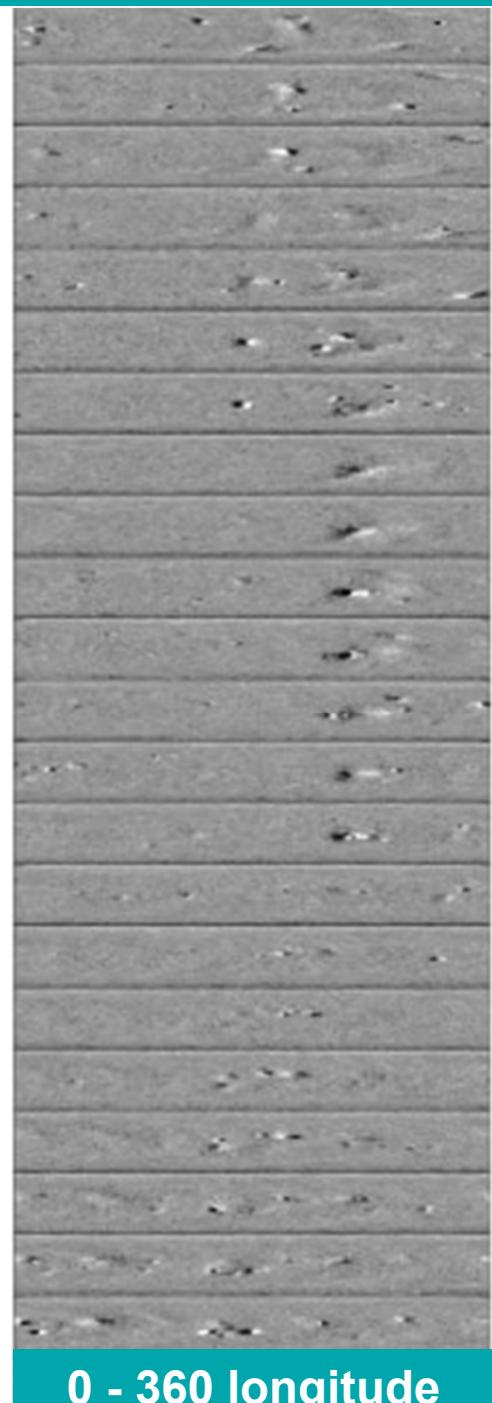
CROT 1488 - 1519 →



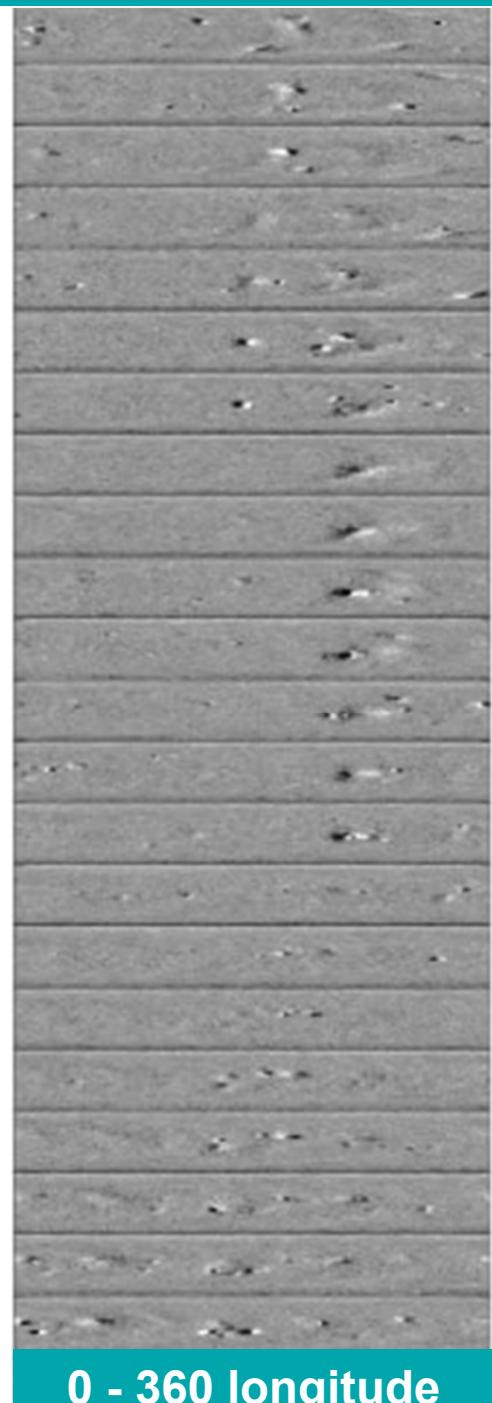
May 1965 - Mar 1967 →



CROT 2053 - 2080 →



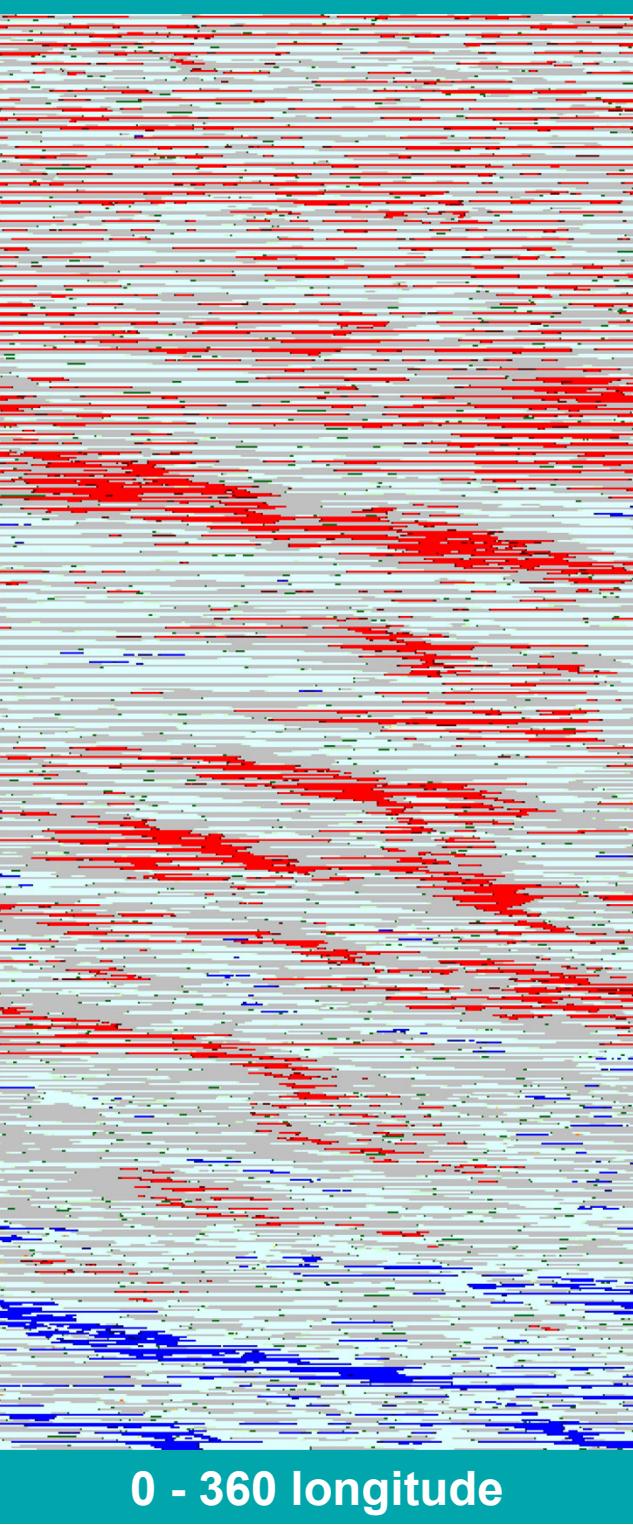
Feb 2007 - May 2009 →



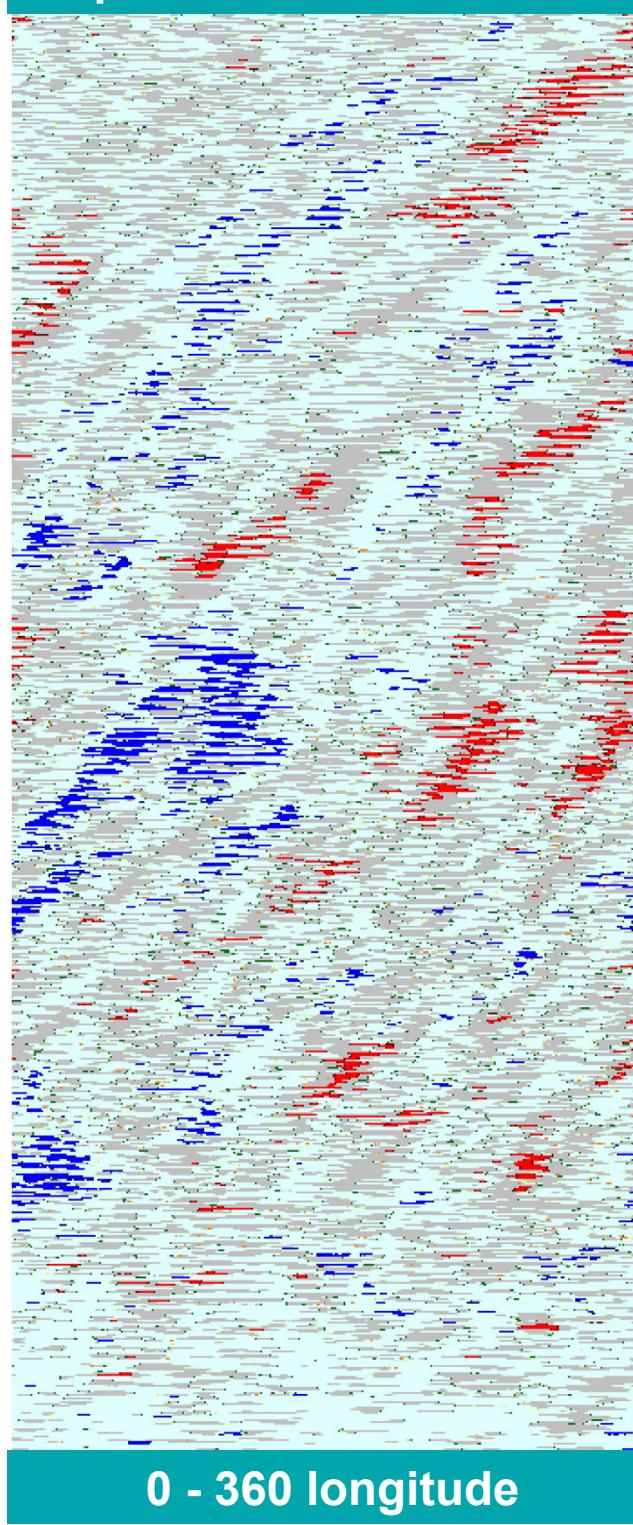
CROT 1900 - 1922 →

Aug 1995 - Apr 1997 →

North Polar Zone: N30-N70



Equatorial Zone: S20-N20



South Polar Zone: S30-S70

